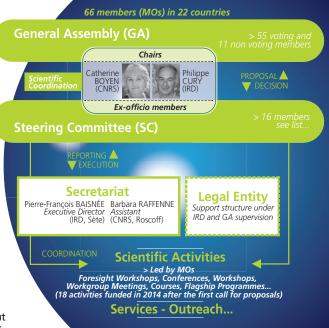
# Organisation and governance

**EuroMarine** is established as a Consortium of European organisations for a 10-year renewable term. A Legal Entity supports the Consortium for daily management. The General Assembly (GA) is the main decision-making body, gathering representatives from all member organisations. The GA nominates a Steering Committee (SC) that takes decisions on some operational matters, e.g. internal call for proposals and representation in events. Anyone from the marine scientific community is welcome to provide input to the SC and GA for the construction of EuroMarine strategic programme. A distributed Secretariat supports all Consortium Bodies and the Board of the Legal Entity. EuroMarine hosting and initial coordination has been jointly entrusted to CNRS and IRD after a call for bids.

#### SC Composition – Sept. 2014

	20	composition - sept	. 20			
	No	Name Geno	ler	Country	0	
	Members appointed by General Assembly					
	1	BATHMANN ULRICH	Μ	Germany	Le	
	2	BERDALET ELISA	F	Spain	Сс	
	3	DUPONT SAM	Μ	Sweden	Ur	
	4	HAWKINS STEVE	Μ	UK	Ur	
	5	IANORA ADRIANNA	F	Italy	St	
	6	MARIANI PATRIZIO	Μ	Denmark	Te	
	7	MURPHY DAVID	Μ	Ireland	Ad	
	8	OLSEN JEANINE	F	Netherlands	Ur	
	9	PESANT STÉPHANE	Μ	Germany	Ur	
	10	PIRAINO STEFANO	Μ	Italy	Сс	
	11	SOLIDORO Cosimo	Μ	Italy	lst	
	12	SOUSA PINTO ISABEL	F	Portugal	Ce	
	13	TREGUER PAUL	Μ	France	Ce	
	14	VANREUSEL ANN	F	Belgium	Ur	
Ex officio members (EuroMarine Chairs)						
	15	BOYEN CATHERINE	F	France	Ce	
	16	CURY PHILIPPE	Μ	France	In	



# Provide Organisation Inneral Assembly Germany Leibniz-Institute for Baltic Sea Research Warnemünde (IOW) F Spain Consejo Superior de Investigaciones Científicas - Institut de Ciències del Mar (CSIC-ICM) M Sweden University of Gothenburg (UGOT) M UK University of Southampton - National Oceanography Centre Southampton (Soton - NOCS) F Italy Stazione Zoologica Anton Dohrn (SZN) M Denmark Technical University of Denmark - National Institute for Aquatic Resources (DTU Aqua) M Ireland AquaTT UETP Ltd (AquaTT) F Netherlands University of Groningen - Centre for Ecological and Evolutionary Studies (RUG - CEES) M Germany Universitä Bremen - MARUM (UniHB) M Italy Consorio Nazionale Interuniversitario per le Scienze del Mare (CoNISMa) M Italy Istituto Nazionale di Oceanografia e di Geofisica Sperimentale (OGS) F Portugal Centre Interdisciplinar de Investigação Marinha e Ambiental (CIIMAR) M France Centre national de la recherche scientifique (CNRS) F Belgium University of Ghent (UGent)

Centre national de la recherche scientifique (CNRS) Institut de Recherche pour le Développement (IRD)



#### Website: www.euromarinenetwork.eu

## Scientific coordination

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#### secretariat@euromarinenetwork.eu

#### Pierre-François Baisnée

Executive Director pierre-francois.baisnee@ird.fr Tel: +33 (0)4 99 57 32 44 Fax: +33 (0)4 99 57 32 95

Sète (IRD) antenna and Headquarters of EuroMarine Legal Entity Centre de recherche halieutique (CRH) Avenue Jean Monnet - CS 30171 34203 Sète cedex - France

#### Roscoff (CNRS) antenna

Station Biologique CNRS-UPMC Place Georges Teissier - CS 90074 29688 Roscoff cedex - France to ecosystems in changing oceans

## EUROPEAN MARINE RESEARCH NETWORK

## EuroMarine

EuroMarine is a European, marine science network launched in 2014. It is a bottom-up organisation designed to give voice to the entire European marine scientific community. The initiative follows the experience of three former European Networks of Excellence (NoEs): EUR-OCEANS, MARINE GENOMICS EUROPE, and MARBEF.

A core goal of EuroMarine is to promote cutting-edge science. EuroMarine supports the identification and initial development of emerging scientific topics, issues and associated methodologies in marine sciences. It also fosters new services relevant to the marine scientific community.

**EuroMarine** launches annual competitive calls for proposals funded from

the EuroMarine budget. Support for these activities and their outcomes will help to leverage larger projects under European, national or joint research funding programmes. Key activities will directly deliver products and services for the benefit of the European marine and research communities in relation to science-policy interfaces, infrastructures, training, education, communication and expertise.

**EuroMarine** has identified three main challenges and priority areas:

- 1. Understanding marine ecosystems for healthy oceans
- 2. Building scenarios for marine ecosystems under changing oceans
- 3. Marine science as a provider of new concepts for innovation and technology.

**EuroMarine** has identified six 'emerging fields' that require interactions among the three former NoE communities:

1. Intra- and inter-generational evolution and forecasting of living marine resources

2. Complex interactions including tipping points, regime shifts and shifting assemblages in marine ecosystems

3. Effects of global warming, ocean acidification, sea level rise and hypoxia on biodiversity and ecosystem function

- 4. Marine rhythms of life and their alterations
- **5**. Valuation of goods and services delivered by marine ecosystems
- ▶ 6. Restoration and conservation of sustainable marine ecosystems.

This list is not exclusive. EuroMarine will support other 'hot topics' that require transdisciplinary approaches, as well as topics or issues that are key for the progress of specific disciplines (e.g. rapid changes in polar oceans, high resolution ocean, convergent approaches between biogeochemistry and genomics to better understand and model biogeochemical cycles).

## Raison d'être and niche in a complex European landscape

**EuroMarine** is unique in the marine sector because of its broad coverage of disciplines, inclusiveness, and ability to flexibly assemble teams of dedicated marine scientists from around Europe (and beyond in emergent and developing countries) to address current and emerging issues and challenges in the marine domain. It will provide visibility, opportunities and tools to marine scientists and their organisations.

> In 2014 EuroMarine counts 66 founding member organisations in 22 countries, 55 of which are 'full voting' members contributing to the yearly budget. The 11 invited members can participate in meetings and activities but cannot vote or receive EuroMarine funds. New members can join upon prior approval by the General Assembly.

No	COUNTRY	ORGANISATION	18	RELAND	AquaTT UETP Ltd (AquaTT)	33	POLAND
Full	(paying) M	embers	19		National University of Ireland Galway - Ryan		
					Institute (NUI Galway)	34	
1	BELGIUM	• Own Capital of the Institute for Agricultural and Fisheries Research (ILVO)	20	ISRAEL	Israel Oceanographic and Limnological Research (IOLR)	35 36	PORTUGAL
2		University of Ghent (UGent)	21	TALY	Consorzio Nazionale Interuniversitario per le		
3	CROATIA	Institute of Oceanography and Fisheries (IOF)			Scienze del Mare (CoNISMa)	37	
4		Ruđer Bošković Institute (RBI)	22		Istituto Nazionale di Oceanografia e di		
5	DENMARK	Technical University of Denmark - National			Geofisica Sperimentale (OGS)	38	<b>S</b> LOVENIA
		Institute for Aquatic Resources (DTU Aqua)	23		National Research Council - Department of	39	SPAIN
6	FINLAND	Finnish Environment Institute, Marine Research			Biomedical Sciences, Department of Earth		
		Centre (SYKE)			System Science and Environmental		
7		University of Helsinki - Tvärminne Zoological			Technologies (CNR)	40	
		Station (UHEL - TZS)	24		Stazione Zoologica Anton Dohrn (SZN)	41	
8		University of Turku - Archipelago Research	25		Università degli studi di Padova - Dipartimento	42	
		Institute (U. Turku - ARI)			di Biologia (UniPd)		
9	FRANCE	Aix-Marseille University (AMU)	26		University of Bologna, Dipartimento di Scienze	43	
10		Centre national de la recherche scientifique			Biologiche, Geologiche ed Ambientali (UniBo)	44	
		(CNRS)	27		University of Pisa - Department of Biology	45	SWEDEN
11		Institut de Recherche pour le Développement			(UniPi)		
		(IRD)	28	Morocco	Institut National de Recherche Halieutique	46	
12		Université de Bretagne Occidentale (UBO)			(INRH)	47	UK
13		Université Pierre et Marie Curie (UPMC)	29	NETHERLANDS	University of Groningen - Centre for Ecological		
14	GERMANY	Alfred-Wegener-Institut - Helmholtz-Zentrum			and Evolutionary Studies (RUG - CEES)	48	
		für Polar- und Meeresforschung (AWI)	30	Norway	Norwegian University of Science and	49	
15		Leibniz-Institute for Baltic Sea Research			Technology (NTNU)	50	
		Warnemünde (IOW)	31		Universitetet i Bergen (UiB)		
16		Universität Bremen - MARUM (UniHB)	32		University of Oslo - Faculty of Mathematics and	51	
17	GREECE	Hellenic Centre for Marine Research (HCMR)			Natural Sciences (UiO)		

**EuroMarine** intends to cooperate closely with key players such as the European Marine Board, the Joint Programming Initiative 'Healthy and Productive Seas and Oceans' (JPI Oceans), or the Intergovernmental Science-Policy Platform on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services (IPBES).



Institute of Oceanology, Polish Academy of	52		The Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the	
Sciences (IO-PAN)			University of Oxford (University of Oxford)	
University of Gdańsk (UG)	53		The Marine Biological Association (MBA)	
Centro de Ciências do Mar do Algarve (CCMAR)	54		University of Essex - School of Biological	
Centro Interdisciplinar de Investigação Marinha			Sciences (UoE)	
e Ambiental (CIIMAR)	55		University of Southampton - National	
Marine and Environmental Sciences Centre			Oceanography Centre Southampton (Soton -	
(MARE)			NOCS)	
National Institute of Biology (NIB)	Invited Members			
Agencia Estatal Consejo Superior de				
Investigaciones Científicas - Institut de Ciències	56	FINLAND	Åbo Akademi University - Husö biological	
del Mar (CSIC - ICM)			station (AAU Huso)	
Fundación AZTI (AZTI Tecnalia)	57	FRANCE	Institut français de recherche pour	
Instituto Español de Oceanografia (IEO)			l'exploitation de la mer (Ifremer)	
Universidad de Las Palmas de Gran Canaria	58		Réseau des Universités Marines Françaises	
(ULPGC)			(FMUN)	
Universitat de Barcelona (UB)	59	GERMANY	GEOMAR Helmholtz-Zentrum für	
University of Cadiz (UCA)			Ozeanforschung Kiel (GEOMAR)	
Stockholm University - Stockholm Resilience	60		University of Hamburg - Zoological Institute	
Centre (SU)			and Museum & Institute for Fisheries and	
University of Gothenburg (UGOT)			Hydrobiology, Biocentre Grindel	
Natural Environment Research Council - British			(UniHH - ZMH, IHF)	
Antarctic Survey (NERC - BAS)	61	RELAND	University College Dublin (UCD)	
Plymouth Marine Laboratory (PML)	62	Peru	Instituto del Mar del Perú (IMARPE)	
Scottish Association for Marine Science (SAMS)	63	PORTUGAL	University of Aveiro (UAVR)	
Sir Alister Hardy Foundation for Ocean Science	64	South Africa	University of Cape Town - Marine Research	
(SAHFOS)			Institute (UCT - Ma-Re)	
The Centre for Environment, Fisheries &	65	SPAIN	Plataforma Oceánica de Canarias (PLOCAN)	
Aquaculture Science (CEFAS)	66	TURKEY	Sinop University - Faculty of Fisheries (SNU-FF)	